

ACHIEVED OUTCOMES OF THE FIVE PRECEPTS PROJECT IN LAMPAIMAT DISTRICT BURIRAM PROVINCE

Kanchana Boonrueang^{*} Boonton Dockthaisong^{**} Suriya Raksamueng^{***}
กาญจนา บุญเรือง, บุญตัน ดอกไธสง, สุริยา รักษาเมือง

ABSTRACT

The objectives of this research were 1) to study the achieved outcomes of the five precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province 2) to study factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the five precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and 3) to propose for developing of the five precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province.

This research was the mixed methods research between the qualitative research and quantitative research. The populations of this research were the 8,611 people at Bangyang Sub-District, Lampaimat District, Buriram Province. The calculation of the sampling group was used by Taro Yamane formula. The sampling group was 400 people. The tool for data collection was used by the questionnaire that with reliance as 0.804 and the research findings analysis was used by the ready computer program of social sciences. The statistics used the frequency, percentage, mean, standard deviation (S.D.) to explain the general status from the person data of respondents of questionnaires and tested hypothesis for studying the factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts by Multiple Regression and the qualitative research through in depth interview from 10 key

^{*} Master of Public Administration (International program), Faculty of Social Sciences, Mahachulalongkornrajavidyalaya University.

^{**} Department of Political Science, Faculty of Social Sciences, Mahachulalongkornrajavidyalaya University.

^{***} Department of Political Science, Faculty of Social Sciences, Mahachulalongkornrajavidyalaya University.

informants and the data analysis was used by interview as the tool and then analyzed the data through the Content Analysis Technique.

The findings of the research were as follow:

1. The result data analysis of level agreement to achieved outcomes of the five precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province in overall, was the highest level with an average and deviation scale at highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.29$, S.D.= 0.355) considered with each section found that the highest means that society section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.31$, S.D. = 0.443) and community section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.30$, S.D. = 0.473) and next, morality section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.28$, S.D. = 0.448) last, family section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.25$, S.D. = 0.448) respectively.

2. The levels of factors effects on achieved outcomes of five precepts project in Lampaimat district , Buriram province in overall , was the highest level with an average and deviation scale at ($\bar{X} = 4.25$, S.D. = 0.389) considered with each the section showed that the planning section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.28$, S.D. = 0.482) and next, acting section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.24$, S.D. = 0.496), checking section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.23$, S.D. = 0.429) and last doing section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.22$, S.D. = 0.457).

3. The factors effecting on achieved outcomes of five precepts project in Lampaimat district, Buriram province such as acting section (X_4), doing section (X_2), and checking section (X_3) to effect on achieved outcomes of the project with significantly statistics at the level of 0.05 by the having the effectiveness of forecast (Adjusted R^2) with 0.588 and can forecast the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project as 58.80 percent.

4. The guidelines for development to the five precepts project in Lampaimat district , Buriram province , found that should have the plan for the best practice, should have the activity continuously for the successful project as the objectives efficiently. The leader should promote the participants have the encouragement for activity and leader should have the responsibility in the best administration and always control it.

บทคัดย่อ

บทความนี้วัตถุประสงค์ คือ 1. เพื่อศึกษาผลสัมฤทธิ์ของโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ 2. เพื่อศึกษาปัจจัยที่ส่งผลต่อผลสัมฤทธิ์ของโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ 3. เพื่อเสนอแนวทางการพัฒนาโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์

การวิจัยแบบผสมวิธี (Mixed Methods Research) ระหว่างการวิจัยเชิงปริมาณ (Quantitative Research) และการวิจัยเชิงคุณภาพ (Qualitative Research) ประชากรในการวิจัยคือ ประชาชนในตำบลบ้านยาง อำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ในการวิจัย จำนวน 8,611 คนคำนวณขนาดกลุ่มตัวอย่างโดยใช้สูตรของทาโร่ ยามาเน่ (Taro Yamane) ได้กลุ่มตัวอย่างจำนวนทั้งสิ้น 400 คน เก็บข้อมูลโดยใช้แบบสอบถาม ซึ่งมีค่าความเชื่อมั่นทั้งฉบับเท่ากับ 0.804 วิเคราะห์ข้อมูลโดยใช้โปรแกรมสำเร็จรูปเพื่อการวิจัยทางสังคมศาสตร์ สถิติที่ใช้คือ ค่าความถี่ ค่าร้อยละ ค่าเฉลี่ย และค่าส่วนเบี่ยงเบนมาตรฐานในการอธิบายลักษณะข้อมูลทั่วไป และ ทดสอบสมมติฐานเพื่อศึกษาปัจจัยที่ส่งผลต่อผลสัมฤทธิ์ โดยการวิเคราะห์ถดถอยพหุคูณ (Multiple Regression) และการวิจัยเชิงคุณภาพใช้แบบสัมภาษณ์เก็บข้อมูลโดย การสัมภาษณ์เชิงลึกจากผู้ให้ข้อมูลสำคัญ จำนวน 10 รูป/คน วิเคราะห์ข้อมูลเชิงเนื้อหาพรรณนาเป็นความเรียง (Content Analysis Technique)

ผลการวิจัยพบว่า

1. ระดับความคิดเห็นที่มีต่อผลสัมฤทธิ์ของโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ โดยภาพรวม อยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.29$, S.D. = 0.355) เมื่อพิจารณาในแต่ละด้านพบว่า ด้านที่มีค่าเฉลี่ยสูงสุดคือ ด้านสังคมอยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.31$, S.D. = 0.433) และ ด้านชุมชนอยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.30$, S.D. = 0.473) รองลงมาคือ ด้านศีลธรรมอยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.28$, S.D. = 0.448) และ ด้านครอบครัวอยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.25$, S.D. = 0.488) ตามลำดับ

2. ระดับปัจจัยที่ส่งผลต่อผลสัมฤทธิ์โครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ ในภาพรวมอยู่ในระดับมากที่สุด ($\bar{X} = 4.25$, S.D. = 0.389) เมื่อพิจารณาในแต่ละด้านพบว่า ด้านที่มีค่าเฉลี่ยสูงสุดคือ ด้านการวางแผน อยู่ในระดับมากที่สุด ($\bar{X} = 4.31$, S.D. = 0.482) รองลงมา คือ ด้านการแก้ไขปรับปรุง อยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.24$, S.D. = 0.496) ด้านการตรวจสอบ อยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.23$, S.D. = 0.429) และ ด้านการปฏิบัติ อยู่ในระดับมาก ($\bar{X} = 4.22$, S.D. = 0.457)

3. ปัจจัยที่ส่งผลต่อผลสัมฤทธิ์ของโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ ได้แก่ปัจจัย ด้านการการแก้ไขปัญา (x_4) ด้านการปฏิบัติ (x_2) และด้านการตรวจสอบ (x_3) ที่ส่งผลต่อผลสัมฤทธิ์ของโครงการ อย่างมีนัยสำคัญทางสถิติที่ระดับ 0.05 โดยมีค่าสัมประสิทธิ์การพยากรณ์ (Adjusted R^2) เท่ากับ 0.588 สามารถพยากรณ์ผลสัมฤทธิ์ของโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ได้ร้อยละ 58.80

4. แนวทางในการพัฒนาโครงการหมู่บ้านรักษาศีล 5 ในอำเภอลำปลายมาศ จังหวัดบุรีรัมย์ พบว่า ควรมีการวางแผนที่ชัดเจนที่นำไปสู่การปฏิบัติที่ดี ควรมีการจัดกิจกรรมต่อเนื่องเพื่อให้โครงการบรรลุตามวัตถุประสงค์อย่างมีประสิทธิภาพ ผู้นำควรส่งเสริมให้ผู้เข้าร่วมมีกำลังใจในการทำกิจกรรม และผู้นำควรมีความรับผิดชอบในการบริหารจัดการที่ดีและกำกับติดตามอยู่เสมอ

1. INTRODUCTION

The project has launch at the five villages with villager's participation. The BORVON has organized the people to come to participate in the project as having faith on the five precept observing. The village committee has prepared to welcome the villagers from 13 villages to join the five precepts project has the population of the 13 villages in Tambon Banyang. The arrangement of the project team comes to discus with villagers to join in the project and also the goodness of the project to the villagers to understand the main point of having the benefit to all. However, the abbot has to explain clearly about the training program which, it will last for months with the Buddhist. Therefore, all people in the village should take this opportunity to join the project to observe the five precepts project to get rid of productive behavior to abandon the liquor intoxicated and the benefits of family and health of villages, according, to the principles of practicing the five precepts to build of the good behavior of individuality, family and the community to have peace in mind and to help the peacefulness to the society as a whole, thus ones may ask that how to the evaluation of five precepts project, who come to participated the program, first of all. The term of village project has organized the village people thru the village committee to prepare to come to practice the village five projects which

the team of village committee has organize the village people and arrange the place to for meeting the abbot and the monks in the village Wat has prepared the “Sala Wat” as the room, the sitting, and the bathroom as clean as possible to facilitate the meeting to build the moral and the meritocracy to all villagers with the team of the project-training had ready sent the team of experts to project in each village to lay down the flagpole of Dhamma in the village, which may called the golden mind project of the villagers, especially, taking the best practice to their mind of the villagers. The significant points of the five projects are to enhancement the most fundamental principles of human life which is the five precepts to encourage the villagers to adapt to avoid the bad habits and become (mental model) to prepare villagers to become a real Buddhists to meet the best of family life. If the people have practiced the five precepts thoroughly, it is the great significance to all villagers, the healthier individuals, good economy for each family, peace and security for community. The benefits of devise as refrain from smoking, intoxicated drinking will bring about the peace security to all. In the part, villagers were lived happily with nature and green environment. Now the villagers have faced with the affected by the drinking the intoxicated beverages and gambling all long year, especially buying the illicit-lottery including taking the mad-drug of the young adult in the families in the villages that brings about the threats, and security of both mental and physical to our villagers. The old norm of living with the Buddhist principles was detrimental to the wealth of village, the problems are how to bring back the good life wealth to the villages and how protect our young generations to withering a way of the drug addict from the young generation. It our nation is not able to seal the mad drug, liquor and mad drug form the village. The village people will be destroyed by illegal drug using, so the Buddhist Sangha has to come to help solve the problems of the people throughout the nation.

The National Office of Buddhism (2014) stated that five precepts launched by Somdet Phra maharatchamankalacharn who acts as the supreme patriarch and the abbot of Wat Pak Nam who advocated the five precepts

project and founder of the project, then the Five precepts has widespread thru all villages concerned. Since, the project has launched and the village people have welcome to join with the life's living both family economy villagers and individual health. Now, the villages though out Thailand have faced the new environment of rapid changing of function, mostly the villagers have face with new types of danger that is threat of life by changing of the new digital technology, people know the inequality of distribution of wealth from the national development process as example, the means of trickle-down effect that remain unchanged, then becomes a wave of uncomfortable of the mad vices that captures the mind life of young students and the adult of the villagers, while the old pattern of life has come to their life as beverage intoxication and the new wave of digitization and, in the same time all types of agricultural productions as rice, corn, rubber flood, drought, illegal drugs, lottery, horse-drug cigarettes, family debts becomes the misery of whole family to cope with the rapid the new waves of global changing, it is the right time for five precepts project to implementation. These are the severely problems, so the preventing and the save methods of Buddhism has come to counter with the villager's leaders, to recall the greatness of saving life and souls of people by means of put the five precepts principles to cure the drastic change of village's situation, then the focusing problems will direct to reduce the tension by way of Buddhist method and an assessing this project.

2. OBJECTIVES OF THE RESEARCH

2.1 To study the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province

2.2 To study factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in

2.3 To propose of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province

3. METHODOLOGY

“achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province” the researcher is searching about the related research, document and textbook to design the research correctly as follows:

3.1 Model of the research

“achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province” the research designed by using mix-methods approach: consists of two types as follow, qualitative research: The data will be collected by In-Depth Interview (face-to-face) interview and Group Discussion form the key informants will be set from the researcher. And quantitative research: The data will be collected by Survey Research from questionnaire

3.2 Population

Population is using in this research is 8,611 villagers in Ban Yang sub-district Lampaimat district Buriram province.

3.3 Sampling

Researcher is specified the sampling of villagers in Ban Yang sub-district Lampaimat district Buriram province (Sample Size) that using the Statistics, (Taro Yamane, quoted in 2008) to specify the sampling is 400 sampling.

3.4 Data analysis

Data analysis is divided to two parts

1. Descriptive Statistics to explain the general information of respondents of questionnaire, by using (Frequency) and (Percentage). Then, factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province are using (\bar{x}) and (Standard Deviation).

2. Inferential Statistics refers (Multiple Regression Analysis) by using Stepwise to predict 1 dependent variable to affect 2 independent variable that it's affecting to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province, the statistically significant (level 0.05)

4. RESULTS

4.1 The status of achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province. The result data analysis of level agreement to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province in overall , was the high level with an average and deviation scale at ($\bar{X} = 4.31$, S.D. = 0.482) in considering found that the means of frequency to most level is able to plan the administration project and able to have the strategy for conducting is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.36$, S.D. = 0.625) and next, able to propagate the activity is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.32$, S.D. = 0.626), able to design a good activity by participation is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.32$, S.D. = 0.635), able to have the objective in accordance with development plan is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.30$, S.D. = 0.651) and able to brainstorm for seeking the conducted is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.29$, S.D. = 0.627) respectively.

4.2 level agreements (opinion) has factors affecting of the Five

The levels of factors effects on achieved outcomes of Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district , Buriram province in overall , was the high level with an average and deviation scale at ($\bar{X} = 4.25$, S.D. = 0.389) considered with each the section showed that the planning section is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.28$, S.D. = 0.482) and next, acting section is high level ($\bar{X} = 4.24$, S.D. = 0.496), Checking Section is high level ($\bar{X} = 4.23$, S.D. = 0.429) and last doing section is high level ($\bar{X} = 4.22$, S.D. = 0.457).

And then, the factors effecting on achieved outcomes of Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district, Buriram province such as Acting section (X_4), Doing section (X_2), and Checking section (X_3) to effect on achieved outcomes of the project with significantly statistics at the level of 0.05 by the having the effectiveness of forecast (Adjusted R^2) with 0.349 and can forecast achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project as 34.90 percent.

4.3 The purpose for developing of level agreement (opinion) has achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province

The guidelines for development to the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district , Buriram province , found that should have the plan for the best practice, should have the activity continuously for the successful project as the objectives efficiently. The leader should promote the participants have the encouragement for activity and leader should have the responsibility in the best administration and always control it.

4.4 The result of involvement between the factors affecting the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province as the table 1 following:

Table 1. The (Stepwise Multiple Regression) of the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province

Arrange of Predictor variables	R	R^2	Adjusted	F
(X_4)	0.696	0.484	0.483	373.501**
(X_4) (X_2)	0.756	0.572	0.570	264.997**
(X_4) (X_2) (X_3)	0.769	0.591	0.588	191.084**

* The statistically significant (level 0.05)

According to table, found that acting section (X_4) was predicted to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and the statistically significant (level 0.05) as the concern about a correlation coefficient (Adjusted R^2) = 0.483 showed that Acting section can predict the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province to 48.30%. And then, adding the prediction doing section (X_2) is correlation coefficient (Adjusted R^2) = 0.570 showed that doing section can add the efficiency the prediction to the statistically significant (level 0.05) that is acting section, planning section and doing section which can coordinate prediction of achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province to 57.00%. Under this, when adding the prediction doing section (X_2) is correlation coefficient (Adjusted R^2) = 0.588

showed that checking section can add the efficiency the prediction to the statistically significant (level 0.05) which acting section, doing section and checking can coordinate prediction of achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province to 58.80%.

Table 2. Multiple Regression of variable in prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province by using Stepwise

All variables in prediction into step	b	SE _b	<i>β</i>	t	sig
Acting section (X ₄)	0.317	0.029	0.444	10.943	0.000
Doing Section (X ₂)	0.221	0.033	0.285	6.651	0.000
Checking Section (X ₃)	0.147	0.034	0.177	4.370	0.000
<hr/>					
R = 0.769	SE _{est}		= 0.227		
R ² = 0.591	Adjusted R ² = 0.588		a		= 1.389
F = 191.084	Durbin		–	= 1.704	
	Watson				

Showed, Acting section (X_4), doing section (X_2) and checking section (X_3) considered with factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province .What are the factors affecting the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province? (Y) in the statistically significant (level 0.05) and explain in adjustment (Adjusted R²) to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district Buriram province to 58.80% and Multiple Regression (Y) and prediction (X_4, X_2, X_3) = 0.769 and prediction error = 0.227 that correlation coefficient of Standard Error (raw score) b = 0.317, 0.221 and 0.147. Then, correlation coefficient of Standard Error (standard score) β = 0.444, 0.285 and 0.177 that Durbin Watson is 1.704 > 1.5, therefore, these data showed that

autocorrelation. Forecasting of the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province from raw score as following

$$\hat{Y} = 1.389 + 0.317 (X_4) + 0.221 (X_2) + 0.147 (X_3)$$

According to forecast from raw score showed that if acting section (X_4) increasing 1 unit, so prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and increasing 0.317, if doing section (X_2) increase 1 unit that is prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and increasing 0.221 if checking section (X_3) increase 1 unit that prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province increasing 0.147. Forecasting of the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province from standard score as following

$$\hat{Z}_y = 0.444 (X_4) + 0.285 (X_2) + 0.177 (X_3)$$

According to forecast from raw score showed that if acting section (X_4) increasing 1 unit, so prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and increasing 0.444, if doing section (X_2) increase 1 unit that is prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province and increasing 0.285, if checking section (X_3) increase 1 unit that prediction to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project in Lampaimat district Buriram province increasing 0.177

5. DISCUSSION

5.1 The level opinion to affect the Five Precepts Project to overview, achieved outcomes is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.31$, S.D. = 0.482) in considering found that the means of frequency to most level is able to plan the administration project and able to have the strategy for conducting is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.36$, S.D. = 0.625) and next, able to propagate the activity is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.32$, S.D. = 0.626), able to design a good activity by participation is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.32$, S.D. = 0.635), able to have the objective

in accordance with development plan is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.30$, S.D. = 0.651) and able to brainstorm for seeking the conducted is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.29$, S.D. = 0.627) respectively.

5.2 The level of opinion to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project

The factors affecting of the Five Precepts Project to overview, the result are ranking that the level is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.25$, S.D. = 0.389) considered with each the section showed that the planning section is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.28$, S.D. = 0.482) and next, acting section is high level ($\bar{X} = 4.24$, S.D. = 0.496), Checking Section is high level ($\bar{X} = 4.23$, S.D. = 0.429) and last doing section is high level ($\bar{X} = 4.22$, S.D. = 0.457)

5.3 The level of opinion had effecting to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project

The factors effecting on achieved outcomes of Five Precepts Project in Lampaimat district, Buriram province such as Acting section (X_4), Doing section (X_2), and Checking section (X_3) to effect on achieved outcomes of the project with significantly statistics at the level of 0.05 by the having the effectiveness of forecast (Adjusted R^2) with 0.588 and can forecast achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project as 58.80 percent.

6. DISCUSSIONS

Data analysis of Factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project can discuss as follow

Factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project found that acting section (X_4), Doing Section (X_2) and Acting section (X_3) had affects to achieved outcomes (Y) at the statistically significant (level 0.05) that can predict the factor effecting the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project accordance with accordance with with Phrakhruwinaithorn Anek Tejavaro (Yai-in) (2016) studied “the administrative project of five precepts for building joined living cultural under propel in the model communities in

lower northern region” found that the factors had effected to the project management of village to build living culture in community model according to the POSCORB principles, the supporting and budge to having the Sangkha organization was the key factor for the working movement and having the public sector to support, then, building the standard and co-living culture in overall could have the welfare from the effect of the project management of five precepts village to build living culture in community and leaders in the community have successful by taking five precepts in organization to manage and guide line to move the project, the model of co-living culture by using the principle of the five precepts village in the horizontal model that happened through working co-operation of society was better than last time of research.

Then, The result of the level agreement to achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts project when considering in each section, Society Section was highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.31$) and Community Section is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.30$) and next, Morality Section is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.28$) last, Family Section is highest level ($\bar{X} = 4.25$) respectively, accordance with Wilaiporn Unchaoban (2011) studied “The Study of the behavior of The Application of The Five Precepts to Daily Life for the Executives and the Members of Sub-District Administration, Taphanhin District, Phichit Province” found that overall, at the highest level ($x = 4.26 - 4.22$) sincerity, and never breaking the promise or hardship. While factors affecting to the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project found that acting section, planning section, planning section and checking section agreed with hypothesis to affect the achieved outcomes of the Five Precepts Project accordance with Phramaha Krisada Kittisobhano (2016) studied “Building the Reconciliation by be driven with Five Precepts Village Project in Ayutthaya Province” showed that the process of the creation of reconciliation by driven with Five precepts village project will be used the project management with Planning, Organizing, Staffing, Direction, Coordinating, Reporting and Budgeting by community leader with 6 principles such as The right principle, The suitable principle, The pure principle, The fairness principle, The Promvihandham

principle and The sacrifice principle and all of its will be push the reconciliation in community.

7. SUGGESTION

7.1 General Suggestion

1. The government should promote the temple to expand more precept throughout the land to support the project.

2. The conducted of five precepts should emphasize the activity accordance with living and clearly purpose for taking the principles of Dhamma in daily life.

3. The responsibility should be clearly in the process that makes the Five Precepts achieved.

4. Office of Buddhism should take this achieved outcome of the Five Precepts Project for applying the activity and designing the activity accordance with doing duty life.

7.2 Suggestion Research In The Future

1. Research in the future should have to study the different area along with social context, culture and living for understanding the new model of five precepts project

2. In-depth the 5 precept project to all schools and community to withhold 5 precept

3. The organization should promote practicing Panyasin Panyadham though the nation

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