

The Case of Human Rights Violations Against Munir Who Has Never Found the Bright Spot

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Abstract

Munir was a human right activist who was born in Malang, East Java. Munir died on board when Munir left for the Netherlands with the aim of studying for his Master's degree. The goal was to continue his master degree majoring in law and update his knowledge so that his jurisprudence is always beneficial to others. Munir was always able to solve his cases and there were many cases of human rights violations that were defended and succeeded. Friends and former enemies were amazed by Munir because he was a good figure aside of Munir's handling his case. Unfortunately the case itself has not yet been given a bright spot like how Munir died, what was the guise the murder, who actually killed was not yet clear. Research is descriptive and tends to use analysis. The process and meaning (subject perspective) is more highlighted in qualitative research. The theoretical foundation is used as a guide so that the focus of research is in accordance with the facts in the field. Besides this theoretical foundation is also useful to provide a general description of the research background and as a material discussion of research results. There is a fundamental difference between the role of the theoretical

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foundation in quantitative research with qualitative research. In quantitative research, research departs from theory to data, and ends in acceptance or rejection of the theory used; whereas in qualitative research the researcher departs from the data, utilizes existing theories as explanatory material, and ends with a "theory. Using the theory of social movements which are safeguarded by this theory is that there are actions in the common interest, such as organization. Organizations are shared interests that are safeguarded by Munir. Munir refers to actions to defend human rights in the common interest, which in the Munir act, there was a movement to defend the workers and defend those who did not get justice.

Keywords : Human Rights, Law and Government

Introduction

Cases of human rights violations against Munir that have not been resolved until this year, since 2004 on September 7, 2004. Chronologically this case before landing on September 7, 2004, at 08.10 Amsterdam time in Amsterdam at Amsterdam's Schipol airport, Munir was found rejected. , leaving a wife named Suci Wati whom he married in 1996. From that marriage, Munir has two children. Munir died because he was poisoned. Some have poisoned their food while on the plane. where the food is sabotaged given poison was shackled by political-violence that was structurally intertwined in state-community relations. A "spiral of violence" has rolled up society in such a way as to permeate mindset, shape behavior and recycle violence for endless violence, resulting in so many casualties as if it became a daily "ritual" and responded to society as normal goods. Departing fromht to Amsterdam which aimed to continue his S2.

Munir was a human right activist in Indonesia who was very influential because Munir was a brave and honest activist. At that time, Munir defended Marsinah. It was one of cases against human right. She herself was one of the human right activists who also died because she defended the workers. They were human rights activists

in Indonesia who fought for justice and a better life. According to John Locke HAM (human rights) are the rights given directly by God Almighty as something natural.

Several cases that have been resolved by Munir were the death of labor activists Marsinah in 1993, cases of the disappearance of 24 activists and students in Jakarta in 1997 and 1998; Tanjung Priok case 1984 - 1998; and the shooting of students in the Semanggi I and Semanggi II tragedies. Munir was very well known for his assertive and voiced figure, Munir was one of the activists who very much defends violations, but how about his own case, which hasn't been resolved for 16 years, the case was solved in search of who the real culprit was and what his real motives were but there is no bright spot.

There have been many changes to the president, but these specialties are still not finished and there is no bright spot, his wife, family, and human rights activists have never stopped with his actions which always remind that there are cases of human rights violations, namely unir activists. So that the government and the community are aware of the importance of the protection of human rights that we have because human rights belong to everyone per individual, they have rights that need to be protected and need to be enforced properly because we get these rights from a powerful God.

Munir's murder has repeatedly experienced threats, terror. But all that and the negative stamps that tried to be attached even after his death, didn't have much effect. From his death, it appears that millions of Indonesian people believe in his integrity, minority and oppressed groups have high hopes on their shoulders to bring about justice in this country. Some of his former opponents also admitted his courage and直ness. His consistency and courage has become an inspiration for us to face all evil relations towards humanity and justice.

Munir has bequeathed to the Indonesian people something very valuable namely courage and human character to fight for good things. We are people who owe it. Now it is our turn to repay all the good thoughts of the deceased, one of

which is to prosecute and drag whoever is responsible for his death before the law fairly.

Literature Review

Munir Said Thalib was born in Malang, December 8, 1965 enrolled at the Faculty of Law, University of Brawijaya and earned his bachelor's degree, Munir manifested his seriousness in the field of law by defending a number of cases, especially his defense of the oppressed. He also established and joined various organizations, and even assisted the government in the investigation team and the draft law (Draft) team.

During his many years of carrying out humanitarian work, Munir felt the need to quench his intellectual thirst as well as to develop his insight. He decided to pursue a master's degree in international protection of human rights at Utrecht Universiteit, the Netherlands. MUNIR should have used this opportunity: Ambassador of Islamic Universality in Indonesia 14 Kill MUNIR to reflect and evaluate his struggle while at the same time deepening his conceptual understanding to sharpen his analysis. Unfortunately, that did not happen, the ruthless and cruel-handed person cut off the noble plan in the middle of the road.

Munir was poisoned and died before the Garuda flight he was traveling on landed at Schiphol. His young family lost their husband and father whom they loved so much. This nation has lost another humanitarian warrior. The Islamic world in Indonesia loses one of its best ambassadors. Until now the case has not yet been revealed who is the real killer and what is the mode behind the murder. Munir is an activist for human rights defenders in Indonesia and is very influential for human rights in Indonesia, but the case itself has not received justice and shed light

Social movement

According to Piort Zrom Sosial, having a mass / mass, based on sadness, organization, and sustainability, has the same goals and interests, often characterized

by long-term goals, sometimes carried out in ways that are outside existing institutions (spontaneity).

Methodology

Research is descriptive and tends to use analysis. The process and meaning (subject perspective) is more highlighted in qualitative research. The theoretical foundation is used as a guide so that the focus of research is in accordance with the facts in the field. Besides this theoretical foundation is also useful to provide a general description of the research background and as a material discussion of research results. There is a fundamental difference between the role of the theoretical foundation in quantitative research with qualitative research. In quantitative research, research departs from theory to data, and ends in acceptance or rejection of the theory used; whereas in qualitative research the researcher departs from the data, utilizes existing theories as explanatory material, and ends with a "theory. Qualitative research emphasizes the depth of data obtained by researchers. The deeper and detailed the data obtained, the better the quality of this qualitative research.

Finding and Discussions

Strangeness of this case. premeditated murder, but who was convicted of the actor on the field. The culprit was not dealt with. The intellectual actor was not touched, "Aqsa said at a 15-year press conference on Munir's murdering. This article has been aired on Kompas.com with the title "15 Years of Munir's Killing, Considered Unusual for Not Touching, Although the perpetrators, namely the Garuda Indonesia pilot named Polycarpus Budihari Priyanto has been released after being sentenced to 14 years in prison, but the intellectual actor behind the murder has not been revealed. (Hermawan, 2019)

Seattle, the United States, stated that the poison entered Munir's body nine hours before he died. That means, one hour 25 minutes after taking off from Singapore. While in another statement, Polycarpus said that Munir was poisoned at

the Bean cafe. The location is in the arrival terminal of Changi Airport on the third floor. While he claimed to be on the second floor. (lhcsan, 2014) On November 12, 2004 news was issued that the Dutch police (Dutch Forensic Institute) found traces of arsenic compounds after autopsy. This was also confirmed by the Indonesian police. It is not yet known who poisoned Munir, although some suspect that certain elements did want to get rid of him. (lhcsan, 2014)

How do you want to solve this case with the original documents that have been investigated for 11 years, well we cannot do an investigation because they do not know the original documents, whereas in the past I was in the form of a group to find out who killed Munir and there were original files, but 11 years is the original file (Putra, 2016).

The murder was neatly arranged. Up to now it hasn't finished the killings that have been planned and are so neat that the kinin doesn't go bright even though it has been arranged (Prabowo, 2018). This is a crime that until now the criminal might be stronger. So the presidents who lead the country, according to Suciwati, the Indonesian government should be able to re-investigate the Munir case. Because, according to him, in the recommendation of the fact-finding team (TPF) the Munir case was clearly asked to be investigated until the mastermind behind his murder. "The TPF was not half-heartedly made by the president and then the DPR also made the Munir TPF as well. The recommendations were the same as having to be the mastermind behind the killer and actually, there were names that had to be followed up on.

Munir was a good and honest activist who defended firmly but why this case should never be finished. Where a person who is very kind and friendly even though his figure is already well-known but still good (Sidiq, 2019). Munir's death was a conspirative crime, TPF Until now, the things that are confused are things that have been going on for 15 years, but there is no bright spot (Hermawan, 2019). Until the end of his life, Munir was a human rights activist who took a skeptical and pessimistic position in upholding human rights in Indonesia despite the many formal human

rights products that had been endorsed.⁵ And (the replacement) the new government regime itself was unable and unwilling to break the chain of impunity (Aditiya, 2016).

Pollycarpus was suspected to have been made by Indra after receiving an official letter from BIN. Quoted from the Kompas Daily document on February 2, 2008, in his plea, Indra claimed not to know whether the BIN letter he received in June or July 2004 was part of a murder plot or not. He only understood that the letter was an official letter from a state institution, one of which was tasked with preventing the threat of terror (Patiwael, 2017).

Even though BIN received the spotlight in the Munir murder case, but no official from the Cikandi organization has been charged with a legal case. Former BIN Deputy V Muchdi Prawiro Pranjono was once accused and tried. However, the judge then freed Muchdi because he was deemed not involved in placing Pollycarpus on the flight. Fourteen years have passed since Munir's murder. Pollycarpus also has breathed free air (Pratama, 2018).

Analysis Theory

Using the theory of social movements which are safeguarded by this theory is that there are actions in the common interest, such as organization. Organizations are shared interests that are safeguarded by Munir. Munir refers to actions to defend human rights in the common interest where in the Munir act there is a movement to defend the workers and defend those who do not get justice. Uphold human rights for a true and honest human rights in Indonesia so that no one has experienced a similar lack of character, but unluckily his willing to continue studying to increase the knowledge of law which was initially beneficial for Indonesiawas in vain, since he had to die instead.

Conclusion

So the conclusion is Munir a human right enforcer during his life must get clarity and get justice, because with this case which has not finished for 15 years, there must be something wrong with this either with human rights enforcers or the others because during these 15 years the replacement of the president still takes care of this case and the activists are also not standing still they are also taking care of and say that what is really happening is the mode behind all this.

Munir was upholding human rights activists, but why no one can resolve his murder case. His sudden death in his attempt to continue his master degree of law intending to improve the law in Indonesia was in vain because many do not like Munir's being brave to speak. He was honest with his real actions. Hopefully his case will be quickly resolved so that human rights continue to run well and also the family and friends of Munir's activists are relieved and get justice.

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